

## FirstVoices Keyboard Shortcuts:

All accents are typed before the base character

Where multiple accents are required, the accents are all typed before the vowel in any order.

acute accent	é = Slash / then e
umlaut	ë = Semicolon ; then e
ogonek (nasal) accent	ę = comma then e
overbar	ē = Equal = then e
l-bar ł	ł = Slash / l
circumflex accent	î = Shift+6 then i
haček (rising tone) accent	ů = Shift+5 then u
low-tone accent`	è = Grave ` then e (grave is top left multi key under ESC)
low-tone nasal accent`	è = Comma , then Grave ` then e
rising-tone nasal accent`	ě = Shift+5 then Comma , then e
underline accent <u>k</u>	<u>k</u> = Shift+Dash - (to the right of 0) then k (Does not work on Macs)
multiple diacritics:	â = Semicolon ; then Comma , then Grave ` then a
	ê = Shift+6 then Comma , then e
	ë = Semicolon ; then Comma , then e
	è = Semicolon ; then Grave ` then e
	è = Semicolon ; then Grave ` then Comma , then e
	ê = Shift+6 then Semicolon ; then e
	ê = Shift+6 then Semicolon ; then Comma , then e
	ě = Shift+5 then Semicolon ; then e
	ě = Shift+5 then Semicolon ; then Comma , then e
	î = Shift+6 then Comma , then i
	ĭ = Shift+5 then Comma , then i
	ò = Grave ` then Comma , then o

### Note:

All changed punctuation can type their original value by holding down the Right-Alt or Option key.

The Left Bracket [ is typed Right-Alt+Left-Bracket (Windows) Option+Left Bracket (Mac).

Opening and closing quotes. For Mac users, Right-Alt is either of the Option Keys.

single: ' Shift+6 — ' Apostrophe

double: " Right-Alt+1 — " Right-Alt+2

single ‹ Right-Alt+Shift+9 — › Right-Alt+Shift+0

double « Right-Alt+9 — » Right-Alt+0